

Table 26. Production of Crude Oil by PAD District and State, May 2015
(Thousand Barrels)

PAD District and State	May 2015		January-May 2015	
	Total	Daily Average	Total	Daily Average
PAD District 1	2,063	67	9,884	65
Florida	206	7	878	6
New York	28	1	138	1
Pennsylvania	661	21	3,192	21
Virginia	1	0	4	0
West Virginia	1,167	38	5,671	38
PAD District 2	56,545	1,824	273,511	1,811
Illinois	826	27	3,860	26
Indiana	190	6	971	6
Kansas	3,805	123	19,761	131
Kentucky	416	13	1,197	8
Michigan	563	18	2,802	19
Missouri	14	0	67	0
Nebraska	235	8	1,242	8
North Dakota	37,236	1,201	179,086	1,186
Ohio	2,290	74	10,445	69
Oklahoma	10,791	348	53,224	352
South Dakota	146	5	719	5
Tennessee	33	1	136	1
PAD District 3	179,599	5,794	874,397	5,791
Alabama	847	27	4,177	28
Arkansas	556	18	2,718	18
Louisiana	5,490	177	27,277	181
Mississippi	2,086	67	10,640	70
New Mexico	13,346	431	62,274	412
Texas	113,587	3,664	549,539	3,639
Federal Offshore PAD District 3	43,688	1,409	217,773	1,442
PAD District 4	23,014	742	113,262	750
Colorado	9,492	306	46,912	311
Montana	2,555	82	12,722	84
Utah	3,663	118	17,172	114
Wyoming	7,304	236	36,457	241
PAD District 5	33,620	1,085	167,688	1,111
Alaska	14,651	473	75,259	498
South Alaska	596	19	2,929	19
North Slope	14,054	453	72,330	479
Arizona	4	0	18	0
California	17,689	571	85,083	563
Nevada	23	1	123	1
Federal Offshore PAD District 5	1,253	40	7,205	48
U.S. Total	294,840	9,511	1,438,742	9,528

– = No Data Reported.

Note: Year-to-date totals include revised monthly production estimates by state published in Petroleum Navigator. Crude oil production quantities are estimated by state and summed to the PADD and the U.S. level. State production estimates reported by EIA are normally different from data reported by state agencies. For example, production estimates for Texas reported on table 26 are different from production reported by the Railroad Commission of Texas. See EIA "Today In Energy" article released on July 10, 2015 for an explanation of differences in production data for Texas. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: State government agencies, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, and EIA estimates.